

Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the instant application.

- 1 1. (Currently Amended) A method of cooling at least one heat-generating device using a
2 cooling system, the method comprising the steps of:
3 using at least one pump to cause a fluid to flow in a sealed cooling system
4 including at least one heat exchanger; and
5 adjusting a pressure of the flowing fluid to correspondingly adjust a boiling
6 point temperature of the fluid in the at least one heat exchanger, wherein the fluid
7 and gas generated from boiling remain sealed within the cooling system.
- 1 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of adjusting a pressure of the fluid
2 comprises adjusting operating conditions of the at least one pump in response to at least
3 one of:
4 changes in pressure of the fluid;
5 changes in temperature of the fluid;
6 changes in temperature of the at least one heat-generating device; and
7 changes in temperature of the at least one heat exchanger.
- 1 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of adjusting a pressure of the fluid
2 comprises adjusting an orifice coupled to the at least one heat exchanger in response to at
3 least one of:
4 changes in pressure of the fluid;
5 changes in temperature of the fluid;
6 changes in temperature of the at least one heat-generating device; and
7 changes in temperature of the at least one heat exchanger.
- 1 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the method further comprises the step of:
2 providing at least one heat rejector for rejecting heat from the system to ambient air, the
3 at least one heat rejector being situated downstream of the at least one heat exchanger.

- 1 5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4, wherein the method further comprises the
2 step of providing a reservoir that accommodates a larger volume of ~~a~~ the gas in the
3 system generated during boiling.
- 1 6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the reservoir reduces a change in pressure of
2 the fluid that occurs during boiling.
- 1 7. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the reservoir is situated downstream of the at
2 least one heat rejector.
- 1 8. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the reservoir is situated upstream of the at
2 least one heat rejector.
- 1 9. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 5, wherein the reservoir having a volume
2 region as great as the volume of vapor gas generated by the at least one heat exchanger
3 during boiling of the fluid.
- 1 10. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the reservoir having an inlet coupled to a fluid
2 outlet port of the at least one heat rejector via a first portion of a fluid transport line and
3 an outlet coupled to a fluid inlet port of the at least one pump via a second portion of the
4 fluid transport line.
- 1 11. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the reservoir is integrated with one of the at
2 least one heat rejector and the at least one pump.
- 1 12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the system is hermetically sealed.
- 1 13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the hermetically sealed refers to a design in
2 which the pressure under a given set of pump, ambient temperature, and heating
3 conditions varies by less than 1 psi during a five year lifetime.

- 1 14. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the fluid is selected from a group consisting of
- 2 water, acetonitrile, acetone, N-methylformamide, benzene, ethanol, methanol, and a
- 3 combination thereof.

- 1 15. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the fluid comprises a halocarbon.

- 1 16. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the halocarbon is a methane series
- 2 halocarbon selected from the group consisting of trichlorofluoromethane and
- 3 trifluoromethane.

- 1 17. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the halocarbon is a ethane series halocarbon
- 2 comprising pentafluoroethane (R-125).

- 1 18. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the fluid is a zeotropic blend comprising R-
- 2 404A.

- 1 19. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the fluid is an azeotropic blend selected from
- 2 the group consisting of R-500 and R-502.

- 1 20. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the fluid is inorganic.

- 1 21. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein the inorganic is selected from the group
- 2 consisting of ammonia and carbon dioxide.

- 1 22. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the fluid comprises a hydrocarbon.

- 1 23. (Original) The method of claim 22, wherein the hydrocarbon is selected from the group
- 2 consisting of methane, ethane, propane, n-butane, 2-methylpropane, isobutane, ethene,
- 3 ethylene, propene, propylene, and combinations thereof.

- 1 24. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the fluid is cryogenic.

- 1 25. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the cryogenic is selected from the group
2 consisting of hydrogen, parahydrogen, helium, nitrogen, neon, air, oxygen, argon, and
3 combinations thereof.

- 1 26. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the fluid is selected from the group consisting
2 of water, acetonitrile, acetone, N-methylformamide, benzene, ethanol, methanol,
3 halocarbons, zeotropic blends, azeotropic blends, inorganic fluids, hydrocarbons,
4 cryogenic fluids, and mixtures thereof, the halocarbons being methane series halocarbons
5 selected from the group consisting of trichlorofluoromethane, trifluoromethane and
6 mixtures thereof, the zeotropic blends comprising R-404A, the azeotropic blends being
7 selected from the group consisting of R-500, R-502 and mixtures thereof, the inorganic
8 fluids being selected from the group of ammonia, carbon dioxide and mixtures thereof,
9 the hydrocarbons being selected from the group consisting of methane, ethane, propane,
10 n-butane, 2-methylpropane, isobutane, ethene, ethylene, propene, propylene and mixtures
11 thereof, the cryogenic fluids being selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,
12 parahydrogen, helium, nitrogen, neon, air, oxygen, argon and mixtures thereof.

- 1 27. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the method further comprises the step of:
2 providing sensors to adjust the fluid flow from the at least one pump.

- 1 28. (Original) The method of claim 27, wherein the sensors being coupled to the at least one
2 heat exchanger.

- 1 29. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the at least one pump is electro-osmotic.

- 1 30. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of: delivering to a catalytic
2 recombiner a gaseous stream containing hydrogen being discharged from a downstream
3 side of the at least one pump together with an amount of oxygen generated from an
4 upstream side of the at least one pump sufficient to convert the hydrogen and oxygen to
5 water, the catalytic recombiner coupled to an inlet port of the at least one pump.

- 1 31. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of adjusting a pressure of the fluid
2 comprises adjusting the pressure of the fluid during a charging and sealing of the system.

1 32. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of adjusting a pressure of the fluid
2 comprises adjusting at least one of a composition and volume and combinations thereof
3 of at least one of a gas and liquid and combinations thereof introduced during charging of
4 the system.